

## Description

The LM2901/2903 series comparators consist of four and two independent precision voltage comparators with very low input offset voltage specification. They are designed to operate from a single power supply over a wide range of voltages; however operation from split power supplies is also possible. They offer low power supply current independent of the magnitude of the power supply voltage.

The LM2901/2903 series comparators are designed to directly interface with TTL and CMOS. When operating from both plus and minus power supplies, the LM2901/2903 series comparators will directly interface with MOS logic where their low power drain is a distinct advantage over standard comparators.

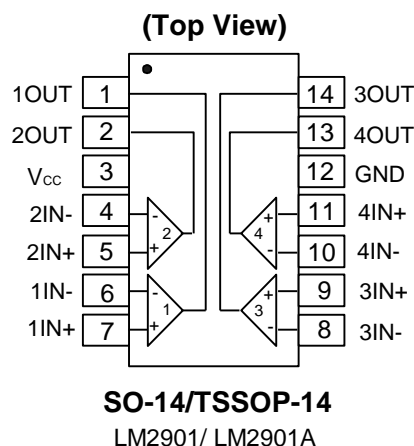
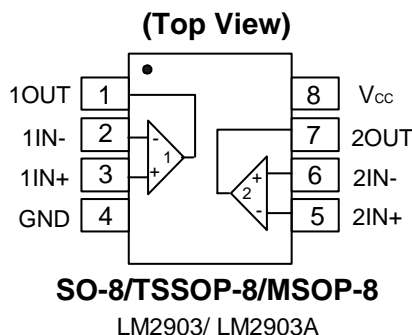
The dual devices are available in SO-8, TSSOP-8, MSOP-8 and the quad devices available in SO-14 and TSSOP-14 with industry standard pinouts. Both use green mold compound as standard.

## Features

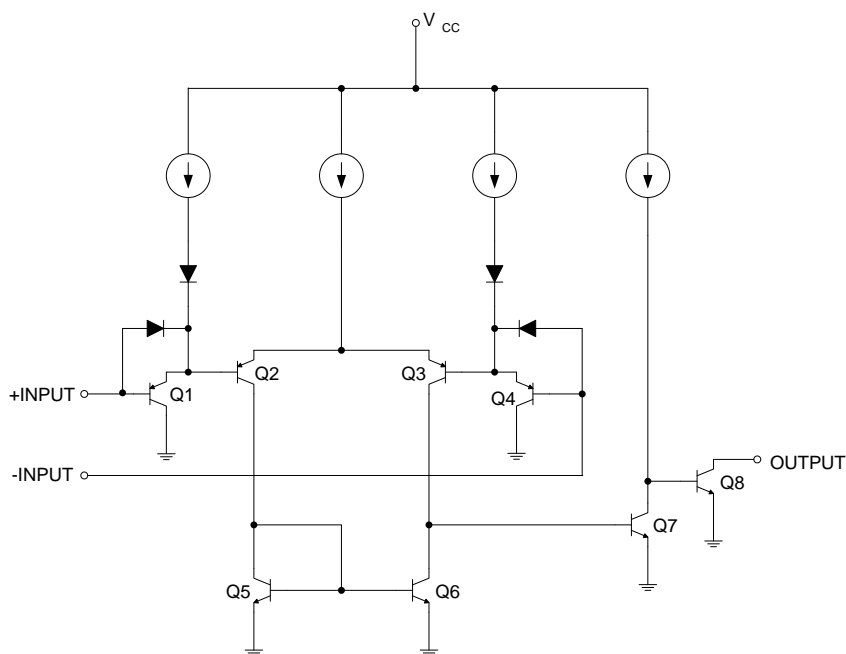
- Wide Power Supply Range:
  - Single Supply: 2V to 36V
  - Dual Supplies:  $\pm 1.0\text{V}$  to  $\pm 18\text{V}$
- Very Low Supply Current Drain – Independent of Supply Voltage
  - LM2903: 0.6mA
  - LM2901: 0.9mA
- Low Input Bias Current: 25nA
- Low Input Offset Current:  $\pm 5\text{nA}$
- Typical Offset Voltage:
  - Non-A Device: 2mV
  - A Device: 1mV
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes Ground
- Differential Input Voltage Range Equal to the Power Supply Voltage
- Low Output Saturation Voltage:
  - LM2903: 200mV at 4mA
  - LM2901: 100mV at 4mA
- Output Voltage Compatible with TTL, MOS and CMOS
- **Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)**
- **Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)**

- Notes:
1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) & 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) compliant.
  2. See [http://www.diodes.com/quality/lead\\_free.html](http://www.diodes.com/quality/lead_free.html) for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
  3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

## Pin Assignments



## Schematic Diagram



Functional Block Diagram of LM2901/2901A/2903/2903A  
(Each Comparator)

## Pin Descriptions

LM2901, LM2901A		
Pin Name	Pin #	Function
1OUT	1	Channel 1 Output
2OUT	2	Channel 2 Output
V <sub>CC</sub>	3	Chip Supply Voltage
2IN-	4	Channel 2 Inverting Input
2IN+	5	Channel 2 Non-Inverting Input
1IN-	6	Channel 1 Inverting Input
1IN+	7	Channel 1 Non-Inverting Input
3IN-	8	Channel 3 Inverting Input
3IN+	9	Channel 3 Non-Inverting Input
4IN-	10	Channel 4 Inverting Input
4IN+	11	Channel 4 Non-Inverting Input
GND	12	Ground
4OUT	13	Channel 4 Output
3OUT	14	Channel 3 Output
LM2903, LM2903A		
1OUT	1	Channel 1 Output
1IN-	2	Channel 1 Inverting Input
1IN+	3	Channel 1 Non-Inverting Input
GND	4	Ground
2IN+	5	Channel 2 Non-Inverting Input
2IN-	6	Channel 2 Inverting Input
2OUT	7	Channel 2 Output
V <sub>CC</sub>	8	Chip Supply Voltage

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** (Note 4) (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage	36	V
V <sub>ID</sub>	Differential Input Voltage	36	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	-0.3 to +36	V
I <sub>IN</sub>	Input Current (V <sub>IN</sub> < -0.3V)	50	mA
V <sub>O</sub>	Output Voltage	36	V
I <sub>O</sub>	Output Current	20	mA
—	Duration of Output Short Circuit to Ground (Note 5)	Unlimited	—
θ <sub>JA</sub>	Package Thermal Impedance (Note 6)	SO-8	TBD
		MSOP-8	TBD
		TSSOP-8	TBD
		SO-14	TBD
		TSSOP-14	TBD
θ <sub>JC</sub>	Package Thermal Impedance (Note 6)	SO-8	TBD
		MSOP-8	TBD
		TSSOP-8	TBD
		SO-14	TBD
		TSSOP-14	TBD
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +125	°C
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating Junction Temperature	150	°C
T <sub>ST</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	°C
T <sub>LEAD</sub>	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds)	260	°C
ESD	Human Body Mode ESD Protection (Note 7)	500	V
	Machine Mode ESD Protection	100	

- Notes:
- Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
  - Short circuits from outputs to V<sub>CC</sub> can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction.
  - Maximum power dissipation is a function of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>, θ<sub>JA</sub>, and T<sub>A</sub>. The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is  $P_D = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A) / \theta_{JA}$ . Operating at the absolute maximum T<sub>J</sub> of 150°C can affect reliability.
  - Human body model, 1.5kΩ in series with 100pF.

**Electrical Characteristics** (Notes 8 & 9) (@ $V_{CC} = 5.0V$ ,  $GND = 0V$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified.)

LM2901, LM2901A								
Parameter		Conditions		T <sub>A</sub>	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>IC</sub> = V <sub>CMR</sub> Min, V <sub>O</sub> = 1.4V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V to 30V (Note 10)	Non-A Device	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	—	2	7	mV
				Full Range	—	—	15	
			A-Suffix Device	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	—	1	2	
				Full Range	—	—	4	
I <sub>B</sub>	Input Bias Current	I <sub>IN+</sub> or I <sub>IN-</sub> with OUT in Linear Range, V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V (Note 11)		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	—	25	250	nA
				Full Range	—	—	500	
I <sub>IO</sub>	Input Offset Current	I <sub>IN+</sub> - I <sub>IN-</sub> , V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	—	5	50	nA
				Full Range	—	—	200	
V <sub>CMR</sub>	Input Common-Mode Voltage Range	V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V (Note 12)		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	0 to V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5	—	—	V
				Full Range	0 to V <sub>CC</sub> -2	—	—	
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Current (Four Comparators)	R <sub>L</sub> = ∞ on Quad Channels	V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	—	1.2	2.5	mA
				Full Range	—	—	3.5	
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	—	0.9	2	
				Full Range	—	—	3.0	
A <sub>V</sub>	Voltage Gain	V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 1V to 11V, R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 15kΩ,		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	50	200	—	V/mV
—	Large Signal Response time	V <sub>IN</sub> = TTL Logic Swing, V <sub>REF</sub> = 1.4V, V <sub>RL</sub> = 5V, R <sub>L</sub> = 5.1kΩ		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	—	300	—	ns
—	Response Time	V <sub>RL</sub> = 5V, R <sub>L</sub> = 5.1kΩ (Note 13)		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	—	1.3	—	μs
I <sub>O(SINK)</sub>	Output Sink Current	V <sub>IN-</sub> = 1V, V <sub>IN+</sub> = 0, V <sub>O</sub> ≤ 1.5V		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	6	16	—	mA
V <sub>SAT</sub>	Saturation Voltage	V <sub>IN-</sub> = 1V, V <sub>IN+</sub> = 0, I <sub>SINK</sub> ≤ 4mA		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	—	100	400	mV
				Full Range	—	—	700	
I <sub>O(LEAK)</sub>	Output Leakage Current	V <sub>IN-</sub> = 0V, V <sub>IN+</sub> = 1, V <sub>O</sub> = 5V		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	—	0.1	—	nA
		V <sub>IN-</sub> = 0V, V <sub>IN+</sub> = 1, V <sub>O</sub> = 30V		Full Range	—	—	1	μA
V <sub>ID</sub>	Differential Input Voltage	All V <sub>IN</sub> ≥0V (or V- if used) (Note 14)		Full Range	—	—	36	V

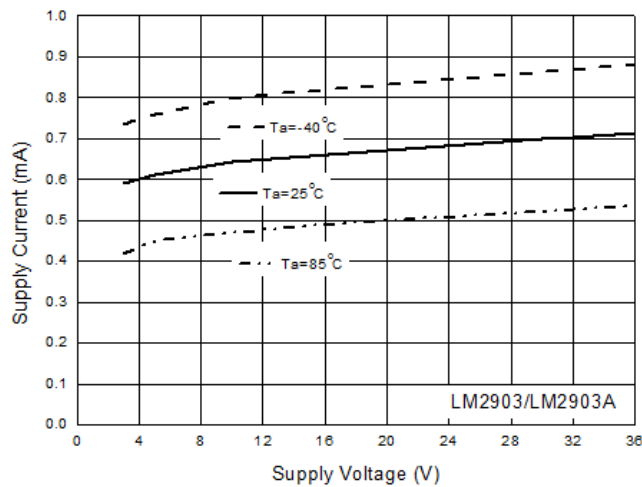
- Notes:
- Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm as determined at the time of characterization. Actual typical values may vary over time and will also depend on the application and configuration. The typical values are not tested and are not guaranteed on shipped production material.
  - All limits are guaranteed by testing or statistical analysis. Limits over the full temperature are guaranteed by design, but not tested in production.
  - $V_O \cong 1.4V, R_S = 0\Omega$  with  $V_{CC}$  from 5V to 30V;
  - The direction of the input current is out of the IC due to the PNP input stage. This current is essentially constant, independent of the state of the output so no loading change exists on the input lines.
  - The input common-mode voltage of either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3V (@  $+25^\circ C$ ). The upper end of the common-mode voltage range is  $V_{CC} - 1.5V$  (@  $+25^\circ C$ ), but either or both inputs can go to +36V without damage, independent of the magnitude of  $V_{CC}$ .
  - The response time specified is for a 100mV step input with 5mV overdrive. For larger overdrive signals 300ns can be obtained, see typical performance characteristics.
  - Positive excursions of input voltage may exceed the power supply level. As long as other voltages remain within the common mode range, the comparator will provide a proper output stage. The low voltage state must not be less than -0.3V (or 0.3V below the magnitude of the negative power supply, if used).

**Electrical Characteristics** (Notes 8 & 9) (@ $V_{CC} = 5.0V$ ,  $GND = 0V$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified.)

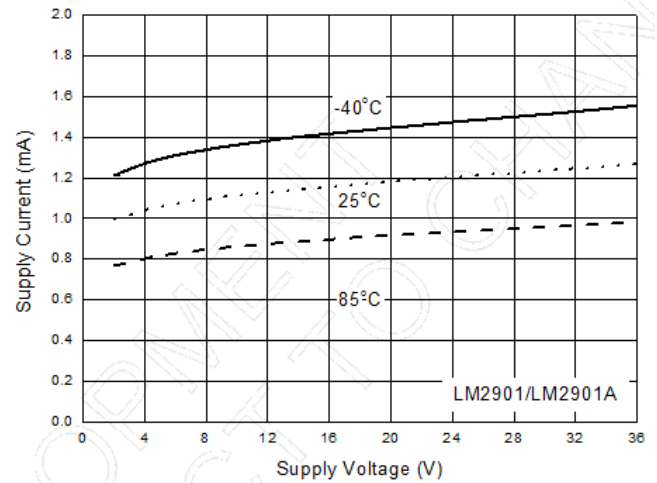
LM2903, LM2903A								
Parameter		Conditions		$T_A$	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{IO}$	Input Offset Voltage	$V_{IC} = V_{CMR} \text{ Min,}$ $V_O = 1.4V,$ $V_{CC} = 5V \text{ to } 30V$ (Note 10)	Non-A Device	$T_A = +25^\circ C$	—	2	7	mV
				Full Range	—	—	15	
			A-Suffix Device	$T_A = +25^\circ C$	—	1	2	
				Full Range	—	—	4	
$I_B$	Input Bias Current	$I_{IN+}$ or $I_{IN-}$ with OUT in Linear Range, $V_{CM} = 0V$ (Note 11)		$T_A = +25^\circ C$	—	25	250	nA
				Full Range	—	—	500	
$I_{IO}$	Input Offset Current	$I_{IN+} - I_{IN-}, V_{CM} = 0V$		$T_A = +25^\circ C$	—	5	50	nA
				Full Range	—	—	200	
$V_{CMR}$	Input Common-Mode Voltage Range	$V_{CC} = 30V$ (Note 12)		$T_A = +25^\circ C$	0 to $V_{CC} - 1.5$	—	—	V
				Full Range	0 to $V_{CC} - 2$	—	—	
$I_{CC}$	Supply Current	$R_L = \infty$ on Both Channels	$V_{CC} = 30V$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$	—	0.7	1.7	mA
				Full Range	—	—	3.0	
			$V_{CC} = 5V$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$	—	0.6	1	
				Full Range	—	—	2.0	
$A_V$	Voltage Gain	$V_{CC} = 15V, V_{OUT} = 1V \text{ to } 11V,$ $R_L \geq 15k\Omega,$		$T_A = +25^\circ C$	50	200	—	V/mV
—	Large Signal Response Time	$V_{IN} = \text{TTL Logic Swing, } V_{REF} = 1.4V,$ $V_{RL} = 5V, R_L = 5.1k\Omega$		$T_A = +25^\circ C$	—	300	—	ns
—	Response Time	$V_{RL} = 5V, R_L = 5.1k\Omega$ (Note 13)		$T_A = +25^\circ C$	—	1.3	—	$\mu s$
$I_{O(SINK)}$	Output Sink Current	$V_{IN-} = 1V, V_{IN+} = 0, V_O \leq 1.5V$		$T_A = +25^\circ C$	6	16	—	mA
$V_{SAT}$	Saturation Voltage	$V_{IN-} = 1V, V_{IN+} = 0, I_{SINK} \leq 4mA$		$T_A = +25^\circ C$	—	200	400	mV
				Full Range	—	—	700	
$I_{O(LEAK)}$	Output Leakage Current	$V_{IN-} = 0V, V_{IN+} = 1, V_O = 5V$		$T_A = +25^\circ C$	—	0.1	—	nA
		$V_{IN-} = 0V, V_{IN+} = 1, V_O = 30V$		Full Range	—	—	1	$\mu A$
$V_{ID}$	Differential Input Voltage	All $V_{IN} \geq 0V$ (or $V_-$ if used) (Note 14)		Full Range	—	—	36	V

- Notes:
- Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm as determined at the time of characterization. Actual typical values may vary over time and will also depend on the application and configuration. The typical values are not tested and are not guaranteed on shipped production material.
  - All limits are guaranteed by testing or statistical analysis. Limits over the full temperature are guaranteed by design, but not tested in production.
  - $V_O \cong 1.4V, R_S = 0\Omega$  with  $V_{CC}$  from 5V to 30V;
  - The direction of the input current is out of the IC due to the PNP input stage. This current is essentially constant, independent of the state of the output so no loading change exists on the input lines.
  - The input common-mode voltage of either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3V (@  $+25^\circ C$ ). The upper end of the common-mode voltage range is  $V_{CC} - 1.5V$  (@  $+25^\circ C$ ), but either or both inputs can go to +36V without damage, independent of the magnitude of  $V_{CC}$ .
  - The response time specified is for a 100mV step input with 5mV overdrive. For larger overdrive signals 300ns can be obtained, see typical performance characteristics.
  - Positive excursions of input voltage may exceed the power supply level. As long as other voltages remain within the common mode range, the comparator will provide a proper output stage. The low voltage state must not be less than -0.3V (or 0.3V below the magnitude of the negative power supply, if used).

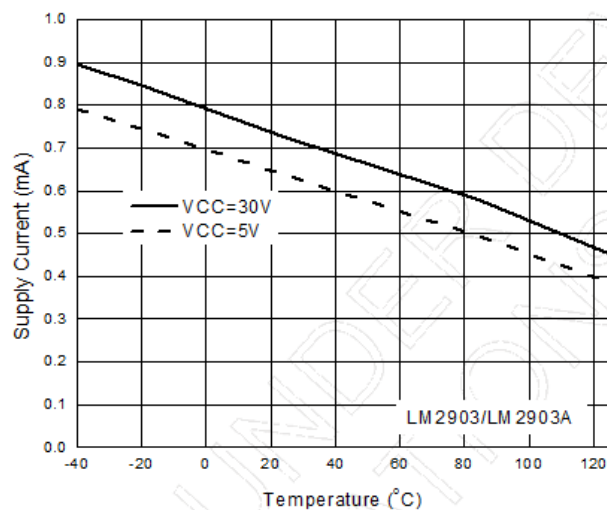
## Performance Characteristics



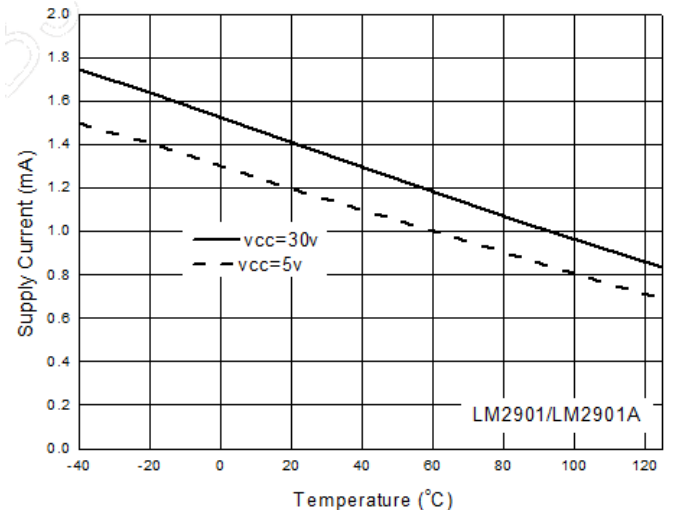
Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage



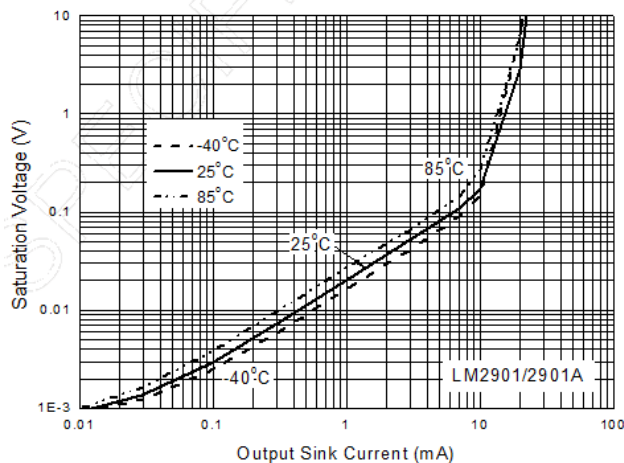
Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage



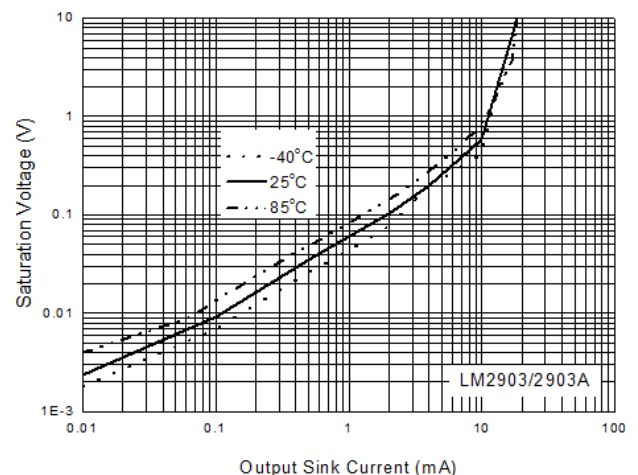
Supply Current vs. Temperature



Supply Current vs. Temperature

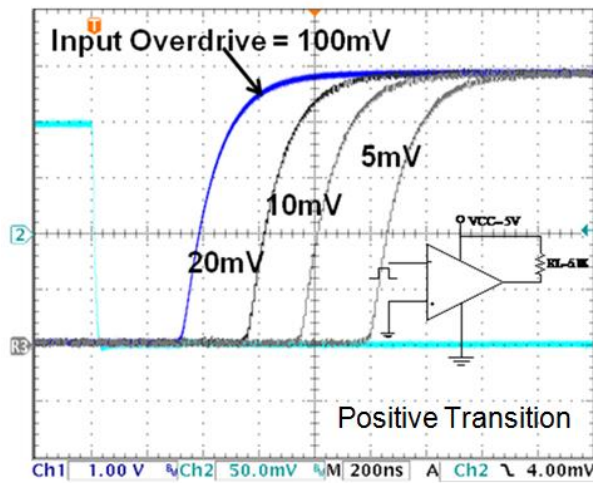


Output Saturation Voltage vs. Sink Current

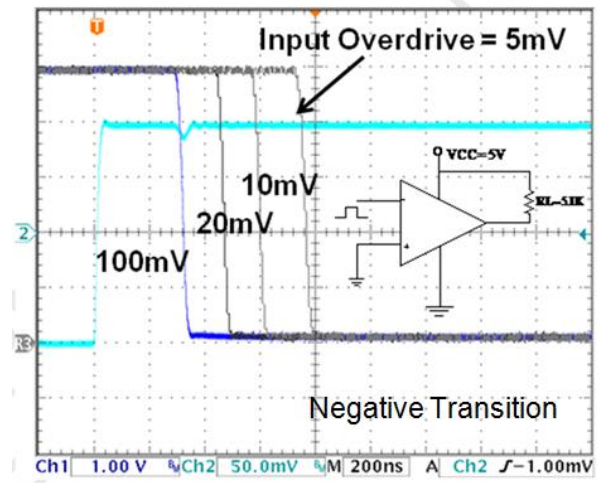


Output Saturation Voltage vs. Sink Current

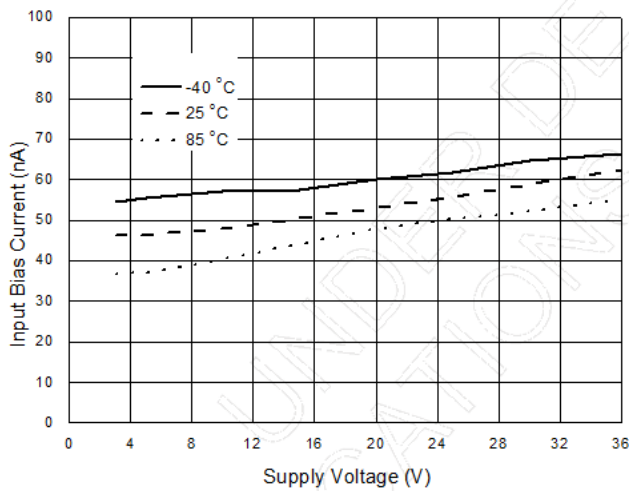
## Performance Characteristics (Continued)



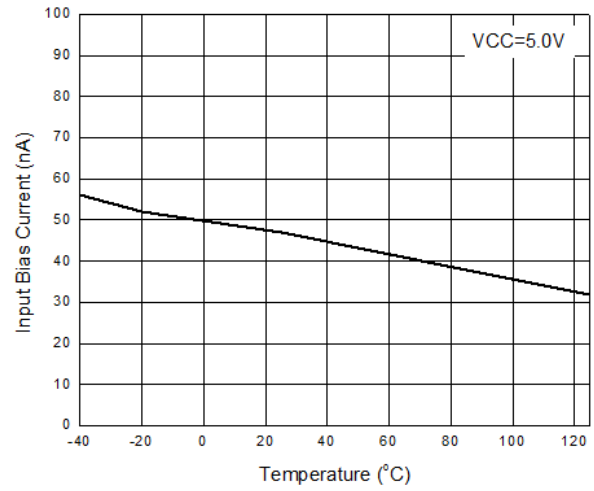
Response Time for Various Input Overdrive



Response Time for Various Input Overdrive



Input Current vs. Supply Voltage



Input Current vs. Temperature

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## Application Information

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### General Information

The LM2901/2903 series comparators are high-gain, wide bandwidth devices. Like most comparators, the series can easily oscillate if the output lead is inadvertently allowed to capacitively couple to the inputs via stray capacitance. This shows up only during the output voltage transition intervals as the comparators change states. Standard PC board layout is helpful as it reduces stray input-output coupling. Reducing the input resistors to  $<10\text{k}\Omega$  reduces the feedback signal levels. Finally, adding even a small amount (1.0 to 10 mV) of positive feedback (hysteresis) causes such a rapid transition that oscillations, due to stray feedback, are not possible. Simply socketing the IC and attaching resistors to the pins will cause input-output oscillations during the small transition intervals unless hysteresis is used. If the input signal is a pulse waveform, with relatively fast rise and fall times, hysteresis is not required. All input pins of any unused comparators should be tied to the negative supply.

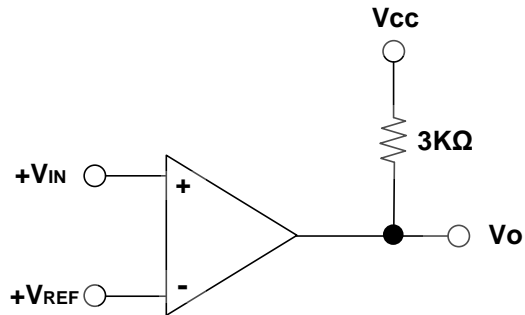
The bias network of the LM2901/2903 series comparators establishes a quiescent current independent of the magnitude of the power supply voltage over the range of from  $2.0V_{DC}$  to  $30V_{DC}$ .

The differential input voltage may be larger than  $V_{CC}$  without damaging the device. Protection should be provided to prevent the input voltages from going negative more than  $-0.3V_{DC}$  (@  $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ). An input clamp diode can be used as shown in the applications section.

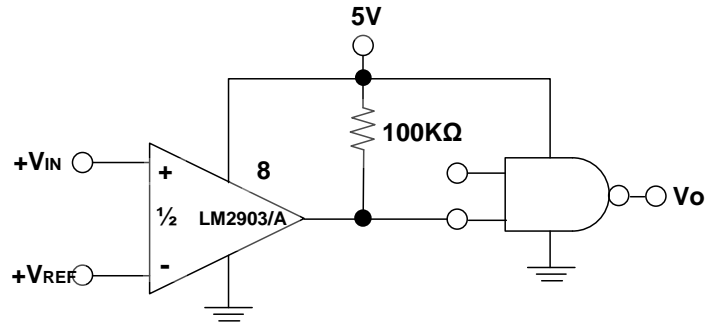
The output of the LM2901/2903 series comparators is the uncommitted collector of a grounded-emitter NPN output transistor. Many collectors can be tied together to provide an output OR'ing function. An output pull-up resistor can be connected to any available power supply voltage within the permitted supply voltage range and there is no restriction on this voltage due to the magnitude of the voltage applied to the  $V_{CC}$  terminal of LM2901/2903 series comparator package. The output can also be used as a simple SPST switch to ground (when a pull-up resistor is not used).

The amount of current the output device can sink is limited by the drive available (which is independent of  $V_{CC}$ ) and the  $\beta$  of this device. When the maximum current limit is reached (approximately 16mA), the output transistor will come out of saturation and the output voltage will rise very rapidly. The output saturation voltage is limited by the approximately  $60\Omega R_{SAT}$  of the output transistor. The low offset voltage of the output transistor (1.0mV) allows the output to clamp essentially to ground level for small load currents.

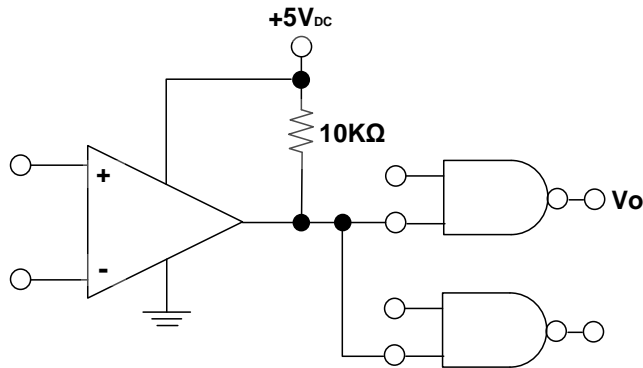
**Typical Application Circuit** ( $V_{CC} = 5.0V_{DC}$ )



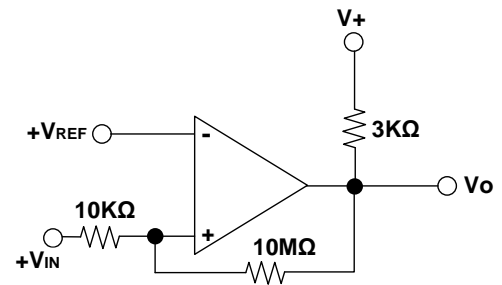
Basic Comparator



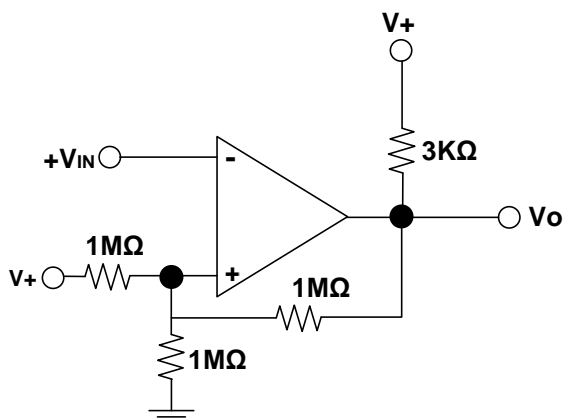
Driving CMOS



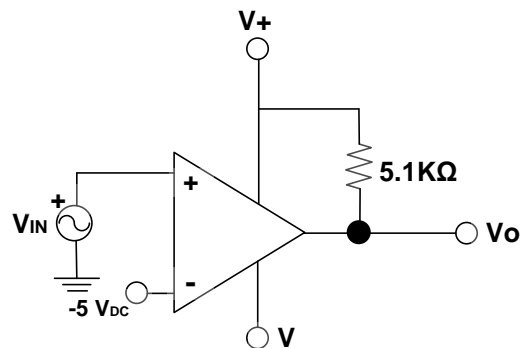
Driving TTL



Non-Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis

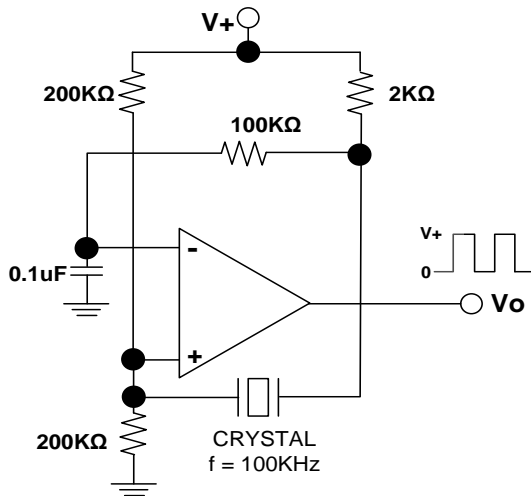


Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis

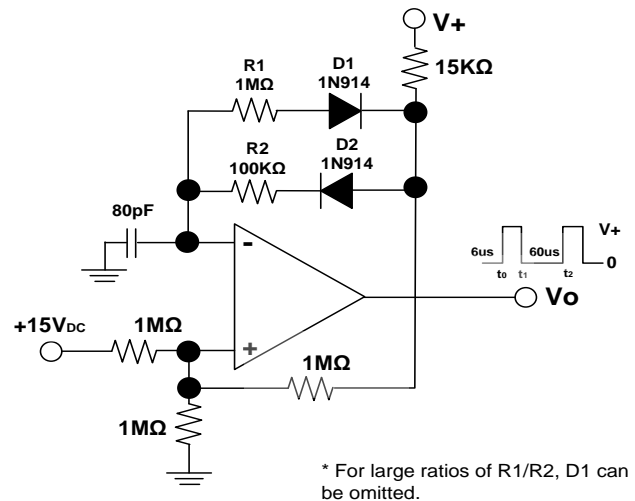


Comparator with a Negative Reference

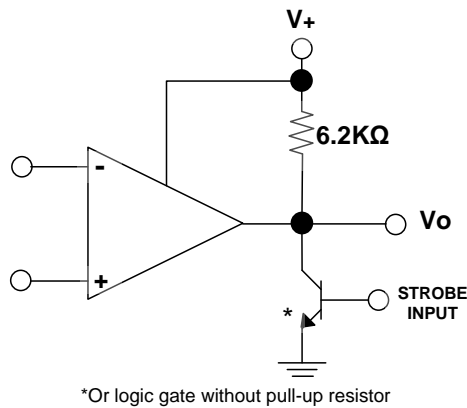
**Typical Application Circuit** ( $V_{CC} = 5.0V_{DC}$ ) (Continued)



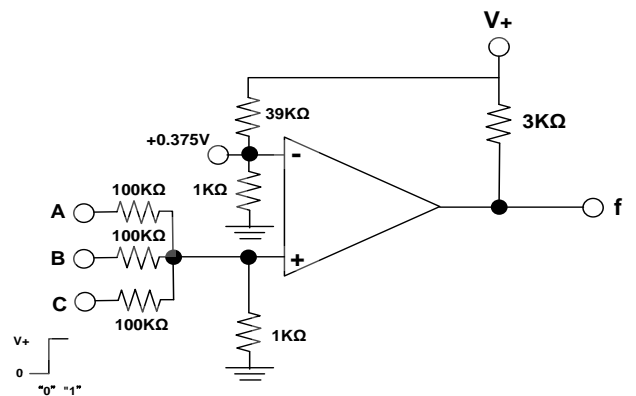
Crystal Controlled Oscillator



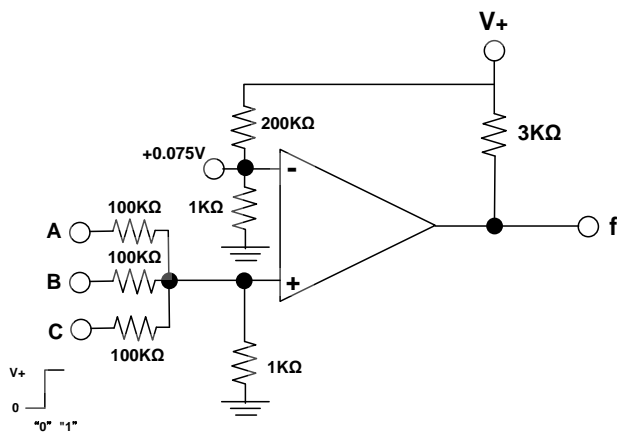
Pulse Generator



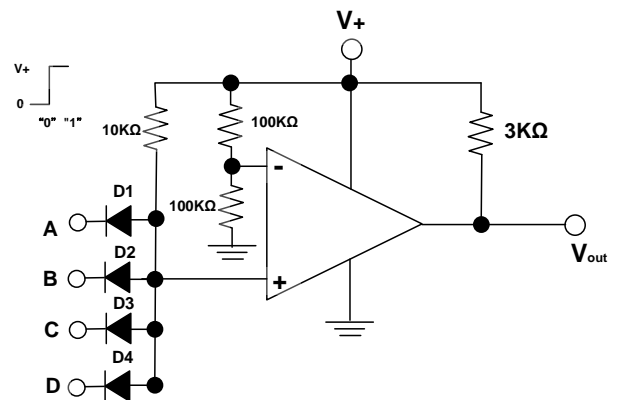
Output Strobing



AND Gate

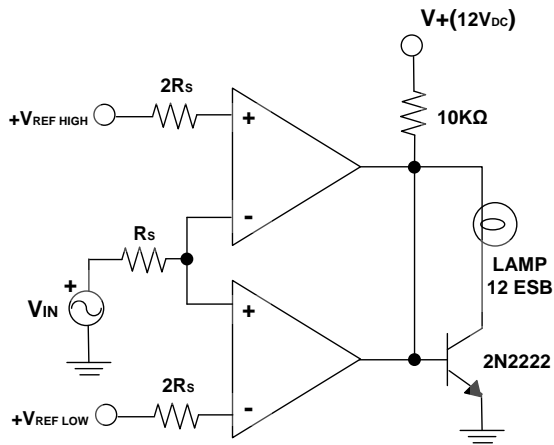


OR Gate

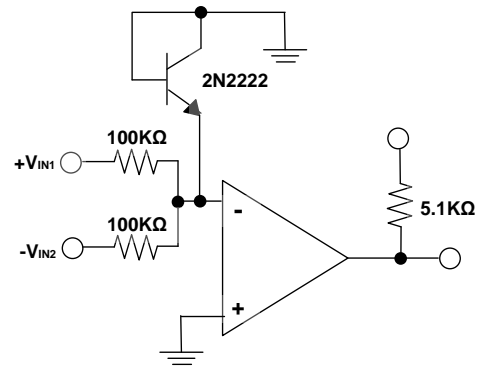


Large Fan-in AND Gate

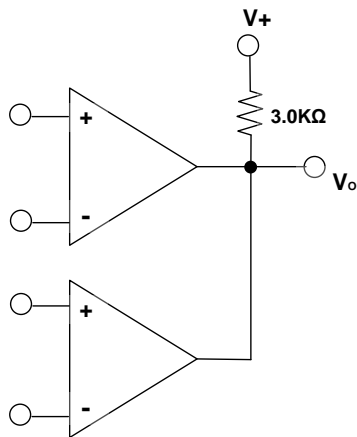
**Typical Application Circuit** ( $V_{CC} = 5.0V_{DC}$ ) (Cont.)



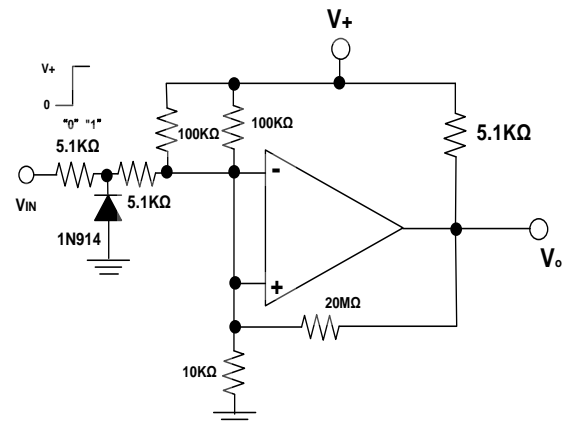
Limit Comparator



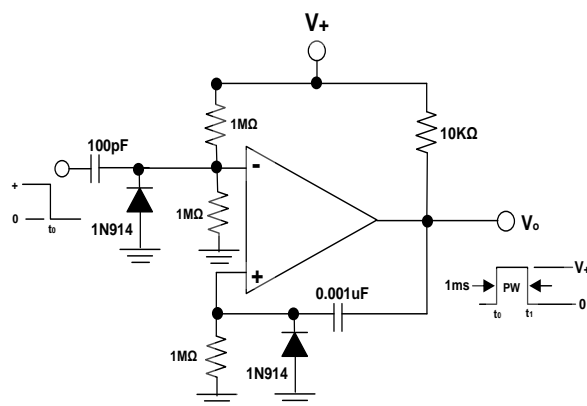
Comparing Input Voltage of Opposite Polarity



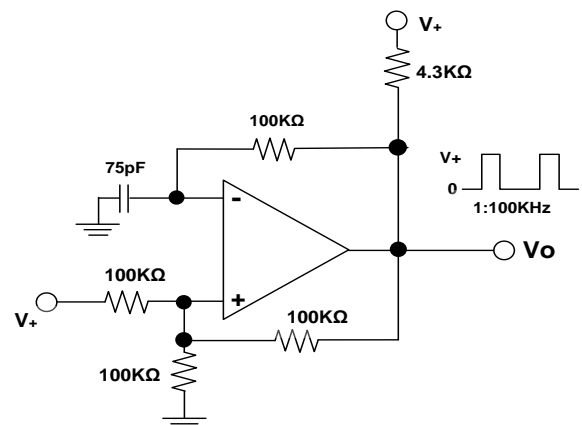
ORing the Outputs



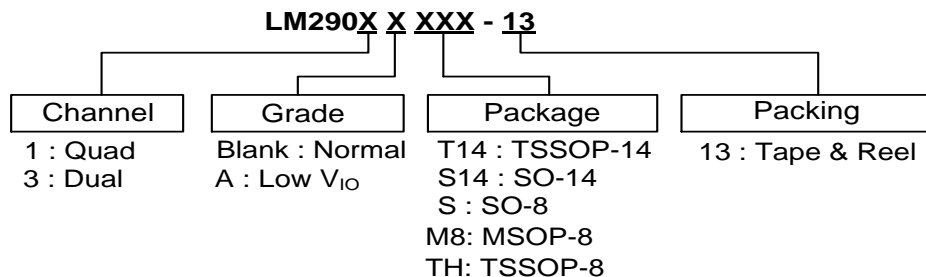
Zero Crossing Detector  
(Single Power Supply)



One-Shot Multivibrator



Squarewave Oscillator

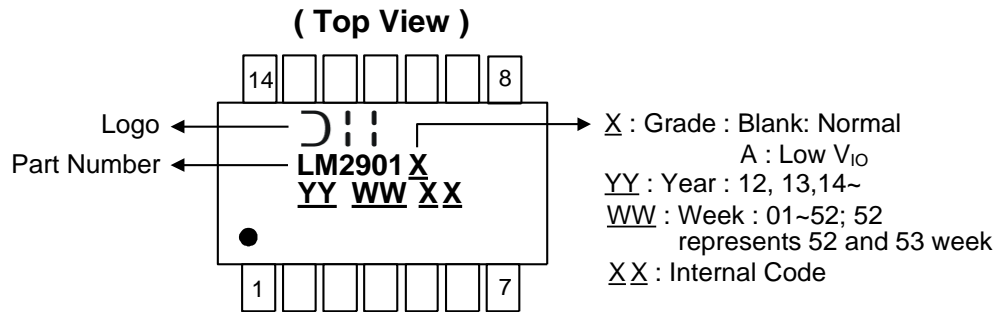
**Ordering Information** (Note 15)


Part Number	Package Code	Packaging	13" Tape and Reel	
			Quantity	Part Number Suffix
LM2901T14-13	T14	TSSOP-14	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13
LM2901AT14-13	T14	TSSOP-14	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13
LM2901S14-13	S14	SO-14	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13
LM2901AS14-13	S14	SO-14	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13
LM2903S-13	S	SO-8	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13
LM2903AS-13	S	SO-8	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13
LM2903AM8-13	M8	MSOP-8	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13
LM2903M8-13	M8	MSOP-8	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13
LM2903ATH-13	TH	TSSOP-8	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13
LM2903TH-13	TH	TSSOP-8	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13

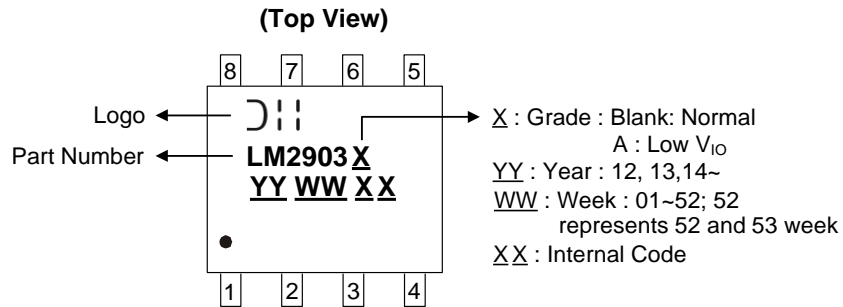
Note: For packaging details, go to our website at <http://www.diodes.com/products/packages.html>.

## Marking Information

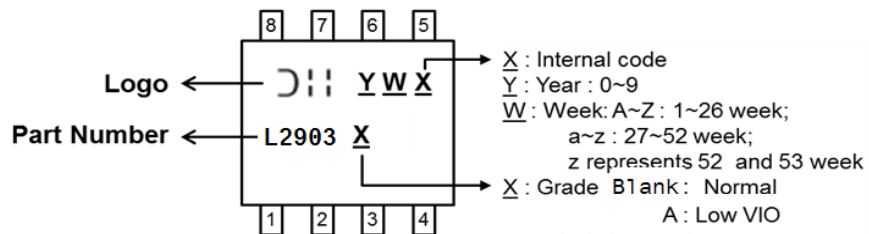
### (1) TSSOP-14 and SO-14



### (2) SO-8



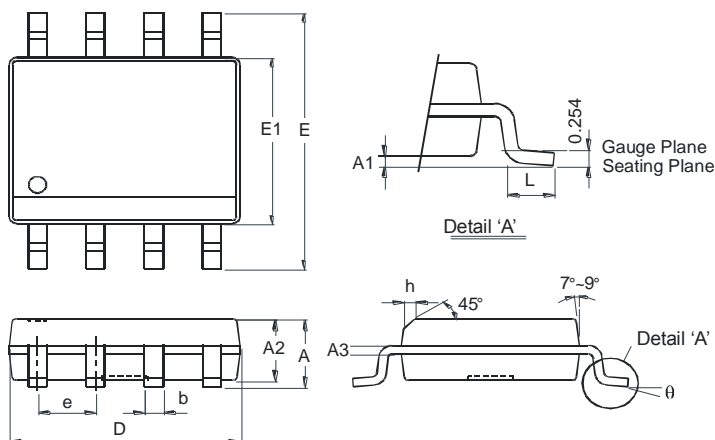
### (3) MSOP-8 & TSSOP-8



## Package Outline Dimensions

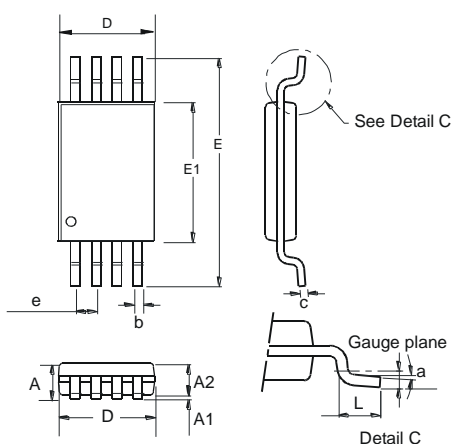
Please see <http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html> for the latest version.

### SO-8



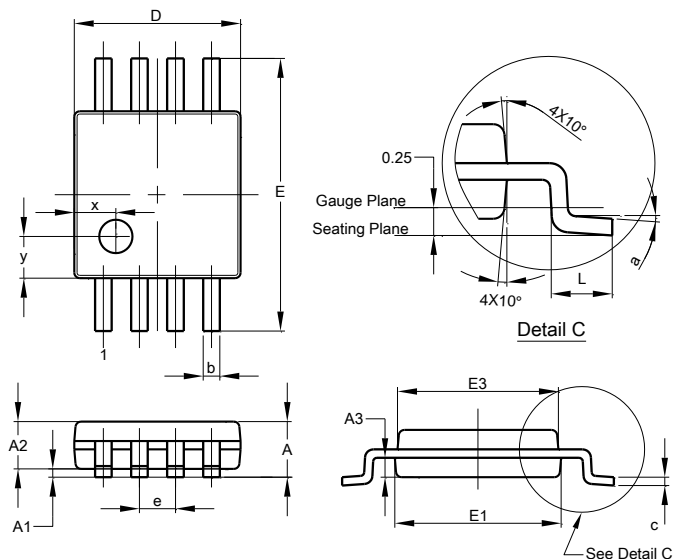
SO-8		
Dim	Min	Max
A	–	1.75
A1	0.10	0.20
A2	1.30	1.50
A3	0.15	0.25
b	0.3	0.5
D	4.85	4.95
E	5.90	6.10
E1	3.85	3.95
e	1.27 Typ	
h	–	0.35
L	0.62	0.82
θ	0°	8°
All Dimensions in mm		

### TSSOP-8



TSSOP-8			
Dim	Min	Max	Typ
a	0.09	–	–
A	–	1.20	–
A1	0.05	0.15	–
A2	0.825	1.025	0.925
b	0.19	0.30	–
c	0.09	0.20	–
D	2.90	3.10	3.025
e	–	–	0.65
E	–	–	6.40
E1	4.30	4.50	4.425
L	0.45	0.75	0.60
All Dimensions in mm			

### MSOP-8

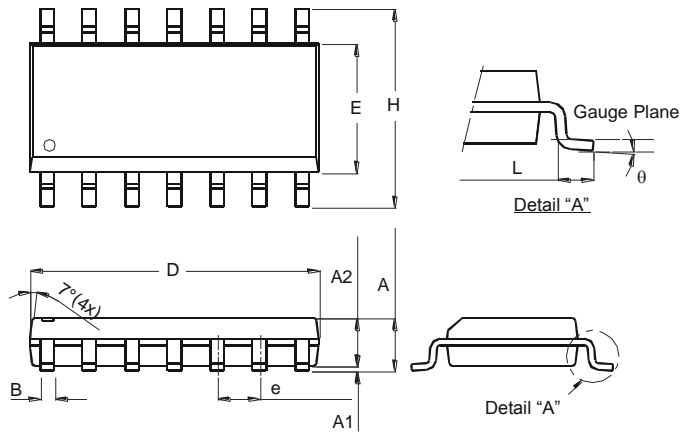


MSOP-8			
Dim	Min	Max	Typ
A	–	1.10	–
A1	0.05	0.15	0.10
A2	0.75	0.95	0.86
A3	0.29	0.49	0.39
b	0.22	0.38	0.30
c	0.08	0.23	0.15
D	2.90	3.10	3.00
E	4.70	5.10	4.90
E1	2.90	3.10	3.00
E3	2.85	3.05	2.95
e	–	–	0.65
L	0.40	0.80	0.60
a	0°	8°	4°
x	–	–	0.750
y	–	–	0.750
All Dimensions in mm			

## Package Outline Dimensions (Continued)

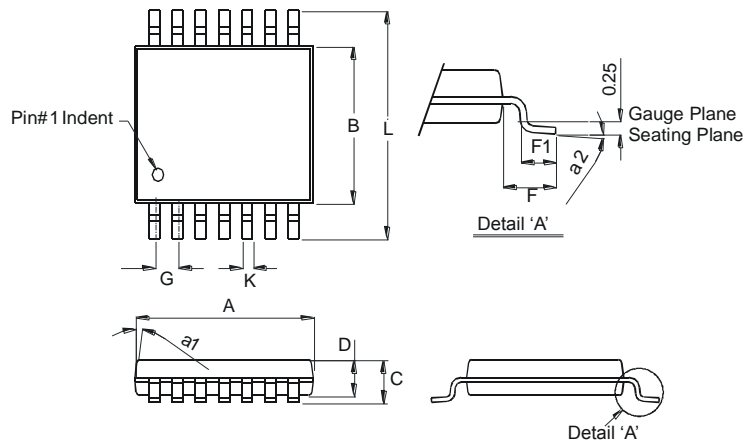
Please see <http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html> for the latest version.

### SO-14



SO-14		
Dim	Min	Max
A	1.47	1.73
A1	0.10	0.25
A2	1.45 Typ	
B	0.33	0.51
D	8.53	8.74
E	3.80	3.99
e	1.27 Typ	
H	5.80	6.20
L	0.38	1.27
θ	0°	8°
All Dimensions in mm		

### TSSOP-14

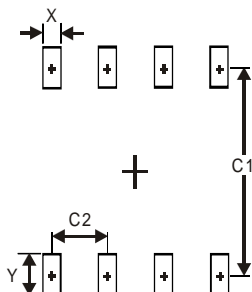


TSSOP-14		
Dim	Min	Max
a1	7° (4X)	
a2	0°	8°
A	4.9	5.10
B	4.30	4.50
C	—	1.2
D	0.8	1.05
F	1.00 Typ	
F1	0.45	0.75
G	0.65 Typ	
K	0.19	0.30
L	6.40 Typ	
All Dimensions in mm		

## Suggested Pad Layout

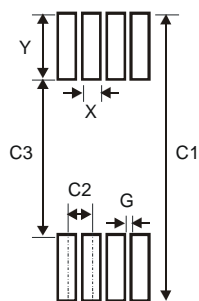
Please see <http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html> for the latest version.

SO-8



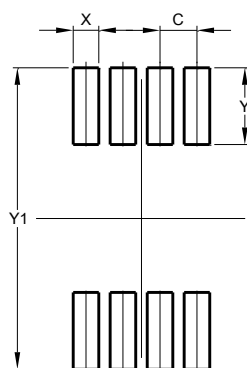
Dimensions	Value (in mm)
X	0.60
Y	1.55
C1	5.4
C2	1.27

TSSOP-8



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
X	0.45
Y	1.78
C1	7.72
C2	0.65
C3	4.16
G	0.20

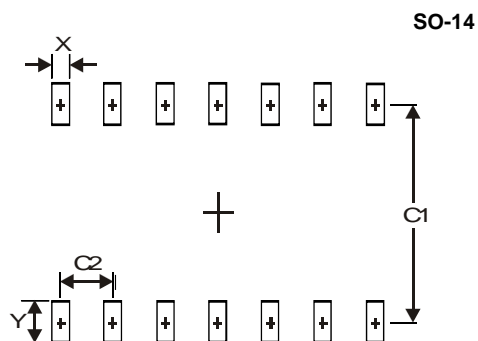
MSOP-8



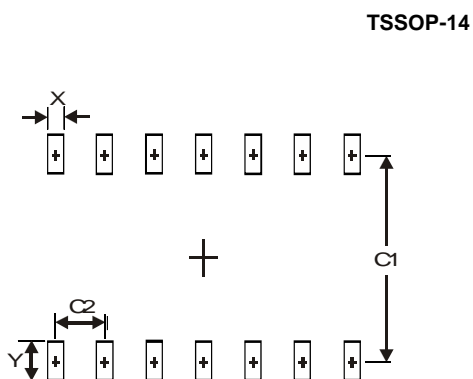
Dimensions	Value (in mm)
C	0.650
X	0.450
Y	1.350
Y1	5.300

## Suggested Pad Layout (Continued)

Please see <http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html> for the latest version.



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
<b>X</b>	0.60
<b>Y</b>	1.50
<b>C1</b>	5.4
<b>C2</b>	1.27



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
<b>X</b>	0.45
<b>Y</b>	1.45
<b>C1</b>	5.9
<b>C2</b>	0.65

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